

- Limit processed foods.
- Always include protein and healthy fat. One quarter of your meal or snack should include some protein and healthy fat.
- Get plenty of fiber.
 - Consider the quality of foods higher in carbohydrates. Aim for high fiber, whole foods to make up another one-quarter of your meal or snack.
 - Aim for half of your meal or snack to be non-starchy vegetables. Use this as your base and plan the rest of your meal or snack around it. Pick two or more of your favorite veggies for a meal.
- Try to use smaller plates or bowls instead of large ones.



Non-Starchy Vegetables

Artichokes

Asparagus

Bell peppers

Bok chov

Broccoli

Brussels sprouts

Cabbage

Cauliflower

Celery

Cucumber

Eggplant

Fermented vegetables

Garlic

Green beans

Greens/lettuce

Mushrooms

Onions

Pea pods

Radishes

Rutabagas

Spaghetti squash

Tomatoes

Turnips

Yellow squash and zucchini



Protein

Bone broth

Cheese or cottage cheese*

Chicken

Eggs

Fish and seafood (especially oil-rich

fish, such as tuna, salmon)*

Meat (chicken, beef*, turkey, pork*,

lamb*, venison, bison)

Meat alternatives (tofu, tempeh, etc.)

Nuts*

Nut butter*

Seeds*

Protein with carbohydrates:

Ketir*

Legumes (lentils, beans, chickpeas)

Milk*

Yogurt*

Some meat alternatives



Higher Fiber Carbohydrates

Fruit

Apple

Blackberries

Blueberries

Melons

Oranges/Grapefruit

Pear

Raspberries

Rhubarb

Strawberries

Grains, moderately processed

Bulaur

Cracked wheat and rye

Foods made with whole grains

Old-fashioned rolled oats

Scottish or steel cut oats

Whole grain cornmeal (polenta)

Grains, whole and intact

Brown rice

Farro

Non-pearl barley "hulled"

Oat groats

Quinoa

Rye or wheat berries

Legumes

Beans (red, refried, black, pinto, garbanzo)

Lentils

Starchy vegetables

Carrots

Corn

Peas

Beets

Potatoes (w/skin)

Sweet potatoes/yams

Winter squash (butternut, acorn, etc.)



Healthy Fat

Avocado, healthy oils (olive, avocado, canola, etc.**), olives, nut butter, nuts, dressings made with healthy oils, seeds, fish and seafood (especially oil-rich fish, e.g., herring, tuna, salmon, mackerel).

^{*}Can be higher fat

^{**}https://www.heart.org/en/healthy-living/healthy-eating/eat-smart/fats/healthy-cooking-oils